# Earthquakes in Indiana: Understanding Seismic Risk in the Hoosier State

Walter E. Gray
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"We learn geology the morning after the earthquake."

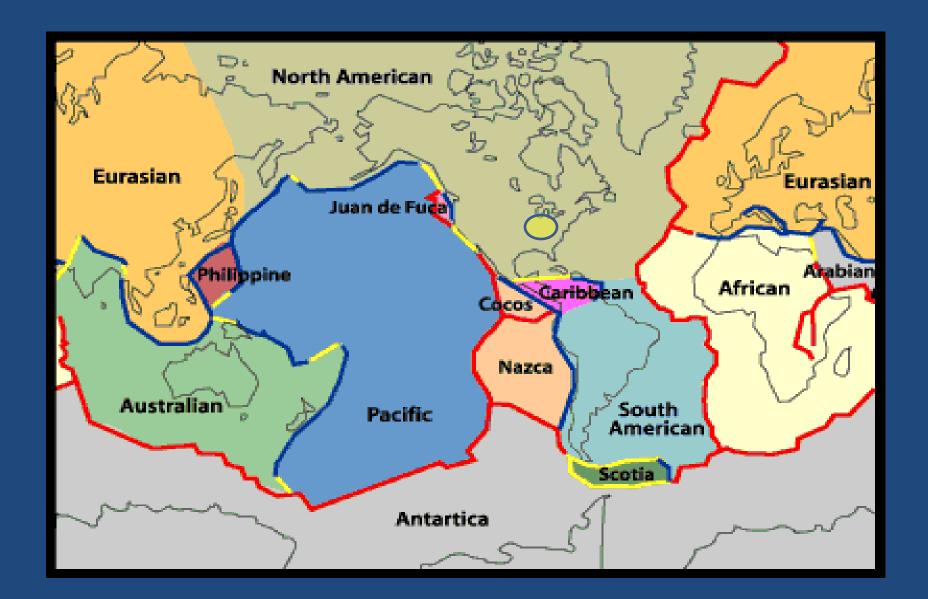
- Ralph Waldo Emerson





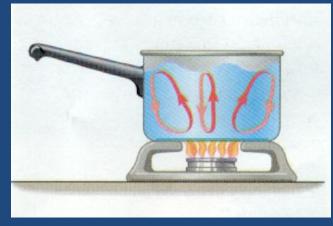


## **Plate Tectonics**



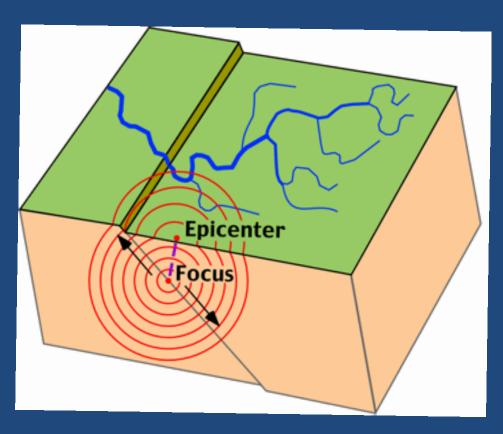
## Thermal Engine



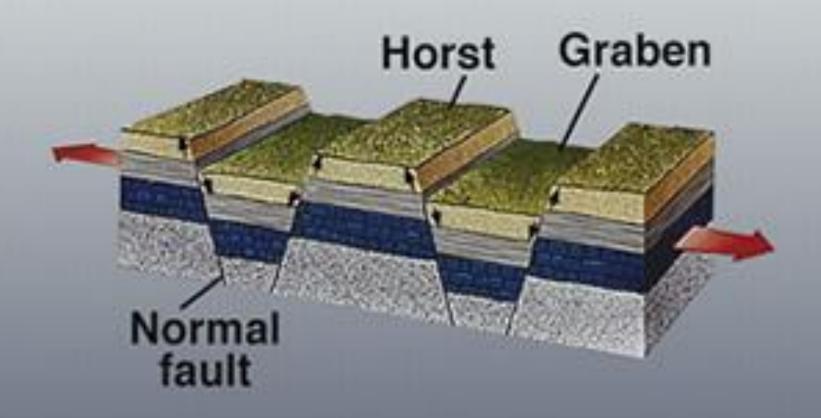


bromei.nl

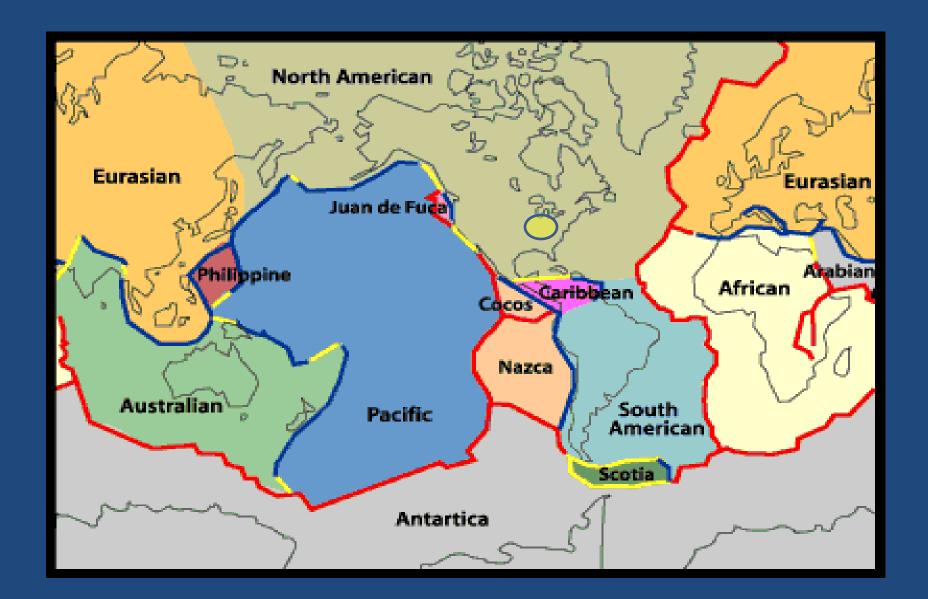
## Earthquake Mechanics



- Stress and strain build up due to plate motion
- Strain exceeds the strength of the rock
- The fault fails and the seismic energy released causes an earthquake

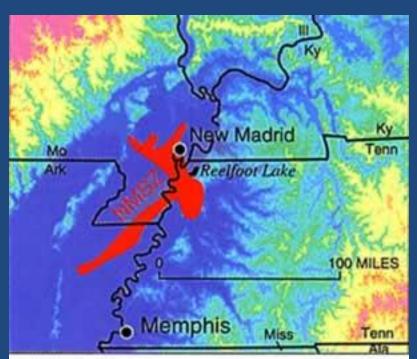


## **But What About the Midwest?**



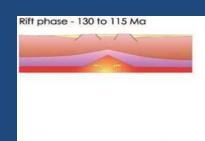
## Rift Zones

## Success vs. Failure



Rendering of the most active part of the New Madrid Seismic Zone. Source:

http://www.emporia.edu/earthsci/student/salley3/nmsz.jpg; accessed February 12, 2006.









Early post-rift phase - 100 Ma

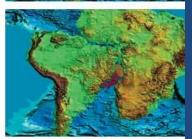


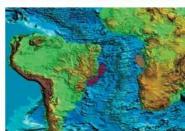
Late post-rift phase to Recent

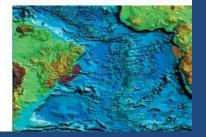












## Creation of the New Madrid Fault Zone

750 mya contiential rifting failed

200 mya restarted but failed again

Present day strike-slip regime

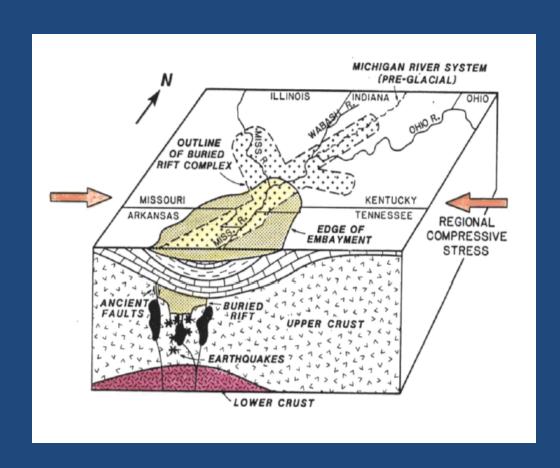
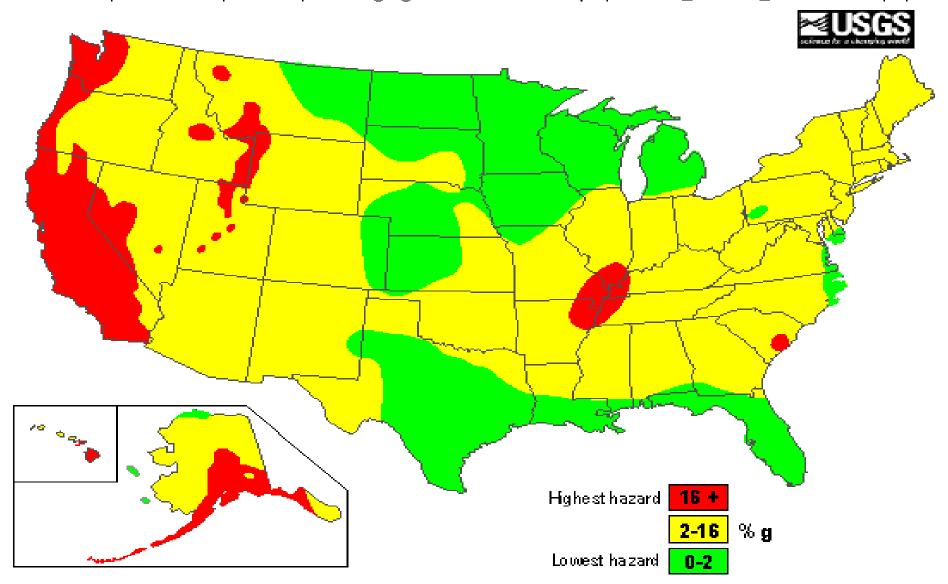
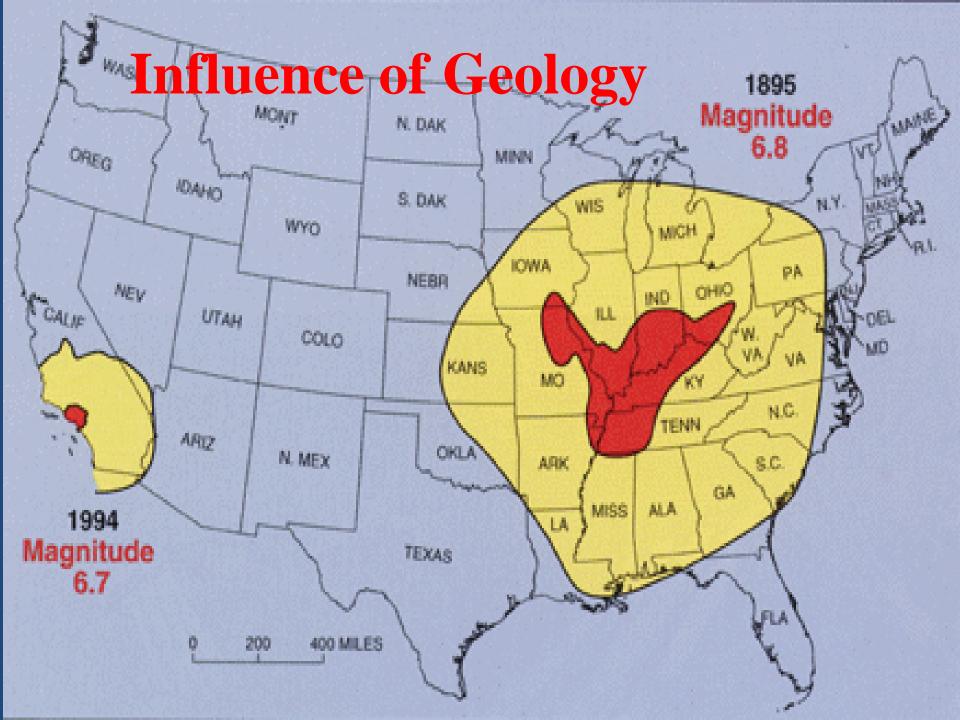


Figure 3.

#### National Seismic Hazard Map

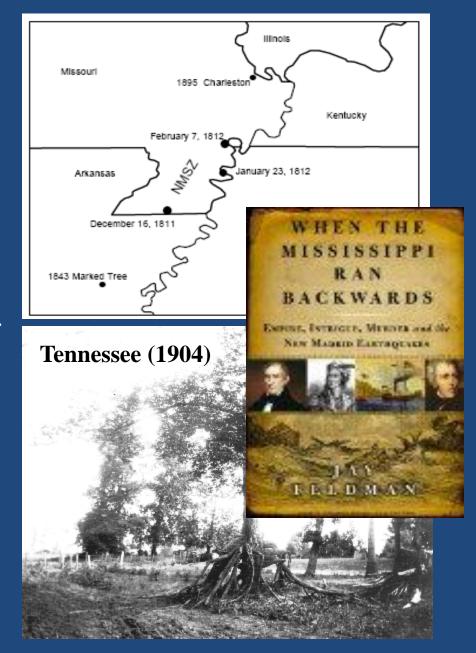
Adapted from http://earthquake.usgs.gov/research/hazmaps/products\_data/48\_States/index.php





## Timing is Everything

- Population of the Mississippi River
   Valley approximately 4000
- December 6<sup>th</sup>, 1811 ( M 7.7)
  - 1 to 3 minutes of shaking
  - Felt as far east as NYC
  - Church bells rang in Boston, Mass.
  - Several structures destroyed
  - Water and sand ejected over
     10 feet into the air (liquefaction)
- January 23<sup>rd</sup>, 1812 ( M 7.5)
- February 7<sup>th</sup>, 1812 ( M 7.7)
  - Destroyed the town of New Madrid
  - Reelfoot Lake created

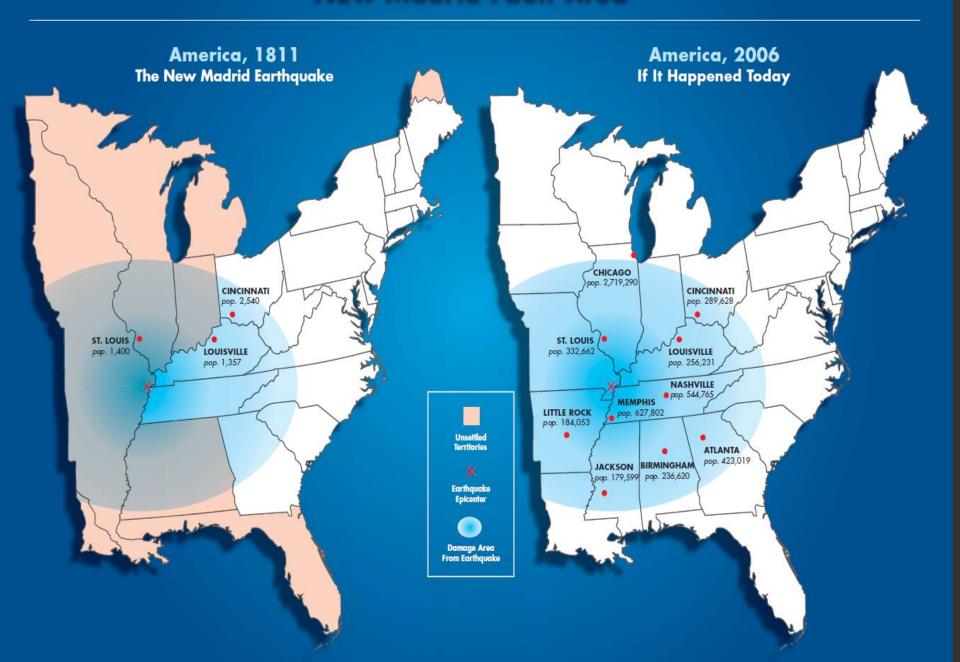




## Birth of Reelfoot Lake, Tennessee

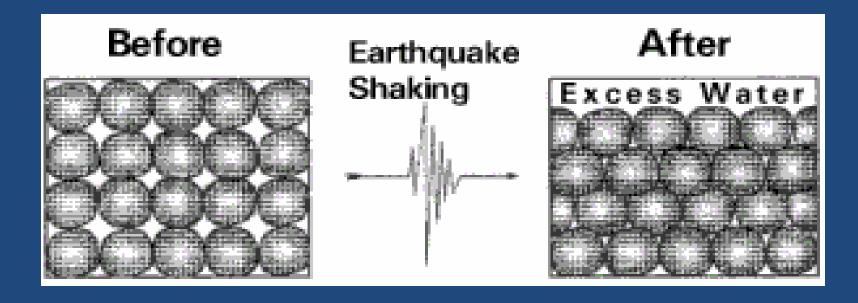


### **New Madrid Fault Area**



# Historically active fault zone, consistent bedrock, now what.....

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ngxG49Lf6c o&feature=channel



# Legend Liquefaction Susceptibility Very Low Maps Prepared: January 2009

## Liquefaction

River valleys

 Unconsolidated sediment

Water-saturated

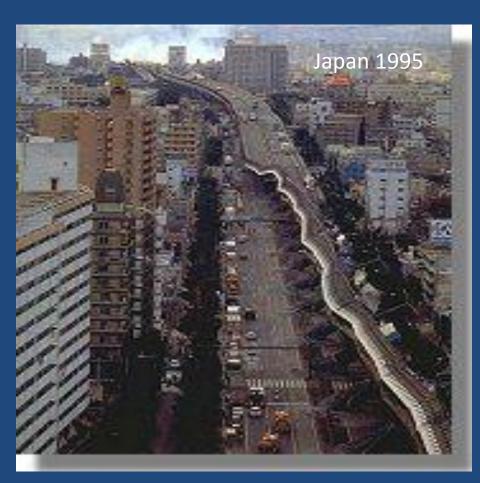
## Sand Blows

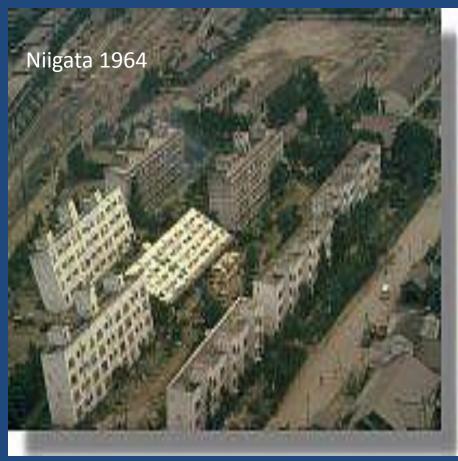
Indications of past and present soil responses to seismic events.



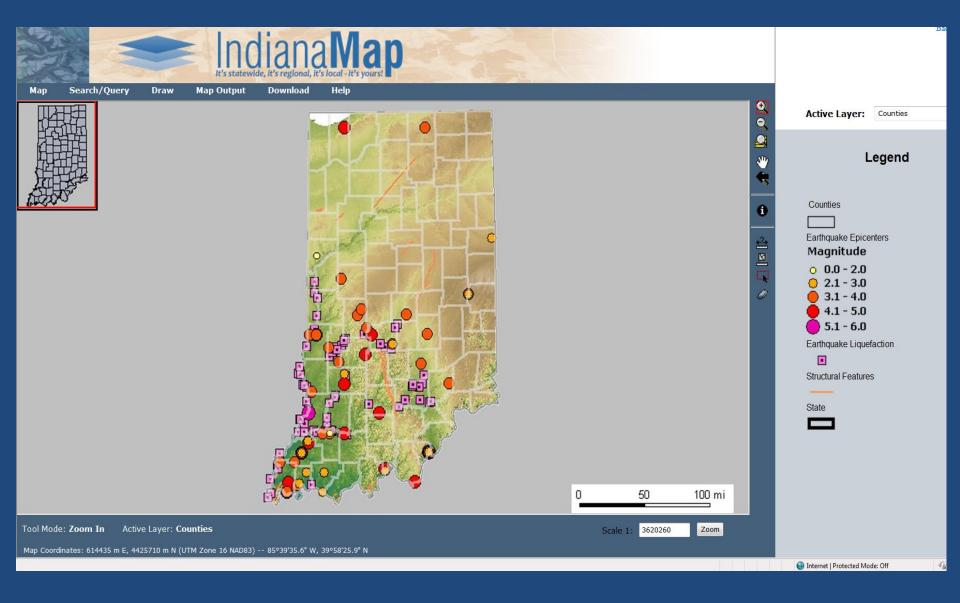
Recent sand blows dot the landscape surrounding New Madrid, MO,

# Liquefaction The Response of Unconsolidated Soil During A Seismic Event





## Known Liquefaction Sites in Indiana



## Mount Carmel Earthquake (M 5.4) April 18<sup>th</sup>, 2008

### **Seismic zones**





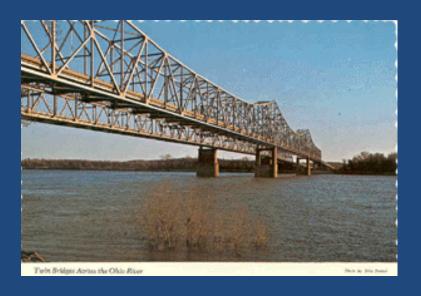
Magnitude 5.5 or greater is required for liquefaction to occur.

## Emergency Planning Considerations









#### Official Participant

## Join Us

for the Largest **Earthquake Drill** in Central U.S. History.





#### Coming soon...

#### **Drill Manuals**

These manuals are being adapted from the California ShakeOut for the Central U.S., but the general guidance will be the same. You can use these to begin planning your drill and return later to download the updated versions.

ShakeOut Drill Manual for K-12 Schools ShakeOut Drill Manual for Businesses ShakeOut Drill Manual for Non Profits and Other Organizations ShakeOut Drill Manual for Government Agencies and Facilities

#### Multimedia

Audio and Video "Drill Broadcast" recordings created to provide instructions during your Drop, Cover, Hold On drill. These will soon be updated for the Central U.S. ShakeOut but you can listen to the California version to learn what will be available. The new version will be approximately one minute long.

Register at www.ShakeOut.org/centralus

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"Civilization exists by geological consent, subject to change without notice."
-Will Durant



